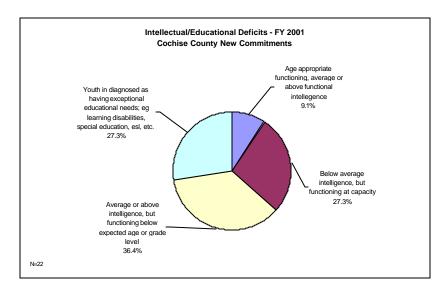
NEED IDENTIFIED IN FY 2002 NEW COMMITMENTS FROM COCHISE COUNTY

NEED IDENTIFIED	N	%
School Behavior/Adjustment	114	99.1%
Substance Abuse	111	96.5%
Peer Relationships	106	92.2%
Theft Behavior	102	88.7%
Intellectual/Educational Deficits (see chart below)	95	82.6%
Violent Behavior	95	82.6%
Education/Employment	79	68.7%
Emotional Stability	72	62.6%
Family Parenting Skills	67	58.3%
Family Criminality	67	58.3%
Life Skills	64	55.7%
Family Substance Abuse	47	40.9%
Youth Health & Hygiene	44	38.3%
Conflict in Home	35	30.4%
History of Abuse/Neglect as a Victim	33	28.7%
Family's Living Situation-Finances	26	22.6%
Sexual Behavior	25	21.7%
Disabilities of Caregivers	18	15.7%
Youths Parenting Skills	13	11.3%
Intra-Familial Sexual Abuse	10	8.7%



Arizona Department of Juvenile Corrections

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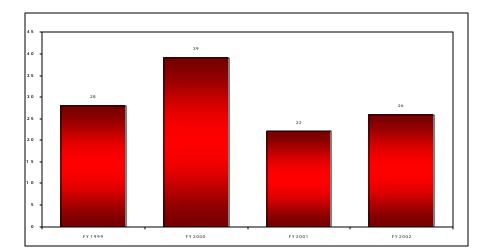
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Arizona Department of Juvenile Corrections Cochise County New Commitment Fact Sheet



Fiscal Years 1999 through 2002



Cochise County represented 3.0% of the total number of juveniles committed to the Arizona Department of Juvenile Corrections (ADJC) throughout Fiscal Years 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002.

GENDER:

Table 1

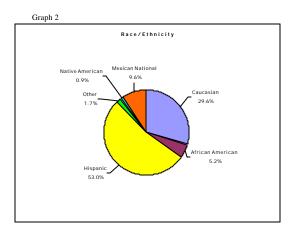
Gender	FY 1999		FY 2000		FY 2001		FY 2002		TOTAL	
Female	4	14.3%	3	7.7%	1	4.5%	3	11.5%	11	9.6%
Male	24	85.7%	36	92.3%	21	95.5%	23	88.5%	104	90.4%
TOTAL	28	100%	39	100%	22	100%	26	100%	115	100%

The number of juveniles committed from Cochise County increased from 28 juveniles in FY 1999 to 39 juveniles in FY 2000, decreasing to 22 juveniles in FY 2001 before increasing to 26 juveniles in FY 2002.

As shown in Table 1, female juveniles represented 9.6% of all juveniles committed to ADJC from Cochise County.

RACE/ETHNICITY:

During Fiscal Years 1999, 2000, 2001 and 2002 over half, (53.0%) of the juveniles committed from Cochise County were Hispanic. Caucasian juveniles represented the second largest ethnic group with



29.6% of the total. Mexican National juveniles represented 9.6% of the total. African American juveniles committed 5.2% of the total number of juveniles, while Native American juveniles represented 0.9%, and juveniles from other racial/ethnic categories represented 1.7%.

AGE:

Table 2

AGE	FY 1999		FY 2000		FY 2001		FY 2002		TOTAL	
14≤	3	10.7%	7	17.9%	5	22.7%	2	7.7%	17	14.8%
15	7	25.0%	5	12.8%	4	18.2%	7	26.9%	23	20.0%
16	8	28.6%	12	30.8%	8	36.4%	12	46.2%	40	34.8%
17	10	35.7%	15	38.5%	5	22.7%	5	19.2%	35	30.4%
Total	28	100%	39	100%	22	100%	26	100%	115	100%

*Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

Two-thirds (65.2%) of all juveniles from Cochise County, throughout the four years, were over sixteen years old.

Fifteen year-old juveniles represented one-fifth (20.0%) of the total, while juveniles fourteen and younger represented 14.8% of the total number of new commitments.

The average age was 15 years 8 months for juveniles committed to ADJC from Cochise County during this time period.

COMMITTING OFFENSE TYPE:

Half (50.0%) of the juveniles committed from Cochise County were committed for Property Offenses.

Juveniles committed for Crimes Against Persons, and Public Order offenses represented the second largest offense category with 15.4% each. Drug offenses accounted for 11.5% of all juvenile new commitments from Cochise County in FY 2002.

Table 3

Fiscal Year 2002						
Committing Offense	N	%				
Property Offenses	13	50.0%				
Crimes Against Persons	4	15.4%				
Public Order Offenses	4	15.4%				
Drug Offenses	3	11.5%				
Other Offenses	2	7.7%				
Weapons Offenses	0	0				
TOTAL	26	100%				

^{*}Percentages m ay not equal 100 due to rounding.

AVERAGE COURT-ORDERED LENGTH OF STAY:

Table 4

Fiscal Years 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002							
Class Level	Juveniles	# of months	Average	ADJC Matrix			
		Committed	Months	Guidelines			
Class 1	-	-	-	24			
Class 2	-	-	-	12			
Class 3	13	98	7.5	9			
Class 4	17	164	9.6	7			
Class 5	8	59	7.4	7			
Class 6	28	222	7.9	6			
Misdemeanor	25	227	9.1	6			
TOTAL	91	770	8.5	N/A			

^{*}There were 91 juveniles committed with a court ordered length of stay.

Most (79.1%) of the juveniles committed from Cochise County during Fiscal Years 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002 were committed to ADJC with a court-ordered length of stay. The average length of stay for juveniles committed with a court order was 8.5 months.